ARUP LABORATORIES | aruplab.com

500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-1221 phone: 801-583-2787, toll free: 800-522-2787 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Chief Medical Officer

Patient Age/Sex: 37 years Female

| Specimen Collected: 5/6/2025 08:19 MDT | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| UGT1A1 and DPYD Genotyping | | Received: 5/6/202 | 25 08:19 MDT | Report/Verified: 5/7/2025 10:50 MDT |
| Procedure DPYD Genotyping Specimen DPYD Allele 1 DPYD Allele 2 DPYD Phenotype DPYD Interpretation EER DPYD UGTIA1 | | Result Whole Blood c.2279C>T * c.2279C>T * Intermediate * See Note ^{f1 i1} See Note ^{f2} | Units | Reference Interval |
| UGT1A1 and DPYD Genotyping | | Received: 5/6/202 | 25 08:19 MDT | Report/Verified: 5/7/2025 19:13 MDT |
| Procedu UGT1A1 UGT1A1 UGT1A1 UGT1A1 f1: f2: | <pre>Ire Genotyping Specimen Genotyping Interpretati Genotyping Allele 1 Genotyping Allele 2 Footnote DPYD Interpretation Activity Score: 1 Interpretation: The following intermediate metabolizer phen administered 5-fluorouracil (5 may lead to increased concentr Recommendation: Guidelines for Implementation Consortium (CPI This result has been reviewed EER DPYD UGTIA1 Authorized individuals can acc with an ARUP Connect account u Your local lab can assist you report if you don't have a Con</pre> | Result Whole Blood on See Note ^{f3 i2} (TA)7 or *28 * (TA)7 or *28 * (TA)7 or *28 * DPYD allele(s) were otype for dihydropyr -FU) is normally ina ations of 5-FU and e genotype-based dosi C) and can be found and approved by tess the ARUP Enhance sing the following 1 in obtaining the pat nect account. | Units detected: c.22790 imidine dehydroge detivated by DPD, elevated risk for at: https://cpicp ed Report ink. elent | C>T/c.2279C>T. This result predicts the enase (DPD). Because 80 percent of a decrease in DPD enzymatic activity grade III-IV toxicity. by the Clinical Pharmacogenetics ogx.org/ and https://www.pharmgkb.org/. |
| f3: | <pre>UGT1A1 Genotyping Interpretation Indications for ordering: - Determine sensitivity to irinotecan or related compounds. - Confirm a diagnosis of Gilbert Syndrome. Homozygous UGT1A1 (TA)7: Two copies of the UGT1A1 *28 (TA)7 variant were detected predicting a poor metabolizer status. This is associated with decreased UGT1A1 enzyme and increased risk for irinotecan toxicity, namely, neutropenia and diarrhea. Dose reduction is recommended. This genotype has been reported to be associated with Gilberts syndrome (benign familial hyperbilirubinemia).</pre> | | | |
| *=Abnormal, #=Corrected, C=Critical, f=Result Footnote, H-High, i-Test Information, L-Low, t-Interpretive Text, @=Performing lab | | | | |
| | | | | |

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at: ARUP Laboratories 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108

500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108 Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD
 ARUP Accession:
 25-126-900027

 Report Request ID:
 20431783

 Printed:
 5/8/2025 11:53 MDT

 Page 1 of 4

500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-1221 phone: 801-583-2787, toll free: 800-522-2787 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Chief Medical Officer

Patient Age/Sex: 37 years Female

Result Footnote

f3: UGT1A1 Genotyping Interpretation

This result has been reviewed and approved by

Test Information

i1: DPYD Interpretation BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Dihydropyrimidine Dehydrogenase (DPYD) CHARACTERISTICS: 5-fluorouracil (5-FU) is the most frequently used chemotherapeutic drug for the treatment of many types of cancer, particularly colorectal adenocarcinoma. Grade III-IV drug toxicity attributed to 5-FU occurs in approximately 16 percent of patients, and may include hematologic, gastrointestinal, and dermatologic complications. In some cases, this toxicity can cause death. When 5-FU is metabolized in the body, approximately 80 percent is catabolized by the dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD) enzyme. Variants in the DPYD gene can lead to reduced 5-FU catabolism, resulting in the aforementioned toxicity complications. INHERITANCE: Autosomal codominant. CAUSE: DPYD gene mutations. DPYD Variants Tested: (Variants are numbered according to NM_000110 transcript) Nonfunctional alleles and increased toxicity risk: c.1024G>A (rs183385770) c.1774C>T (rs59086055) *13 (c.1679T>G, rs55886062) *2A (c.1905+1G>A, rs3918290) Decreased function alleles and increased toxicity risk: c.557A>G (rs115232898) c.868A>G (rs146356975) c.2279C>T (rs112766203) c.2846A>T (rs67376798) c.1129-5923C>G (rs75017182) Functional alleles and normal enzymatic activity: *1 indicates no variants detected. METHODOLOGY: Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and fluorescence monitoring. ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY and SPECIFICITY: Greater than 99 percent.

LIMITATIONS: Only the targeted DPYD variants will be detected by this panel. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. 5-FU drug metabolism, efficacy, and risk for toxicity may be affected by genetic and nongenetic factors that are not evaluated by this test. Genotyping does not replace the need for therapeutic drug monitoring or clinical observation.

*=Abnormal, #=Corrected, C=Critical, f=Result Footnote, H-High, i-Test Information, L-Low, t-Interpretive Text, @=Performing lab

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at: ARUP Laboratories 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108 Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD
 ARUP Accession:
 25-126-900027

 Report Request ID:
 20431783

 Printed:
 5/8/2025 11:53 MDT

 Page 2 of 4

Test Information

il: DPYD Interpretation

Please note the information contained in this report does not contain medication recommendations, and should not be interpreted as recommending any specific medications. Any dosage adjustments or other changes to medications should be evaluated in consultation with a medical provider.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

i2: UGT1A1 Genotyping Interpretation BACKGROUND INFORMATION: UDP Glucuronosyltransferase 1A1 (UGT1A1)

Genotyping

CHARACTERISTICS: UGT1A1 is responsible for the clearance of drugs (e.g., irinotecan) and endobiotic compounds (e.g., bilirubin). Irinotecan's major active and toxic metabolite (SN-38) is inactivated by the UGT1A1 enzyme and then eliminated via the bile. UGT1A1 gene mutations cause accumulation of SN-38, which may lead to irinotecan-related toxicities (neutropenia, diarrhea).

CAUSE: Variations in TA repeat number in the TATAAA element of the 5'UGT1A1-promoter affects transcription efficiency. The common number of repeats is six [(TA)6, *1 allele], while seven repeats [(TA)7, *28 allele] is associated with reduced transcription activity. Homozygosity for the (TA)7 allele is also associated with Gilbert Syndrome (benign familial hyperbilirubinemia).

ALLELES TESTED: *36 allele, (TA)5; *1 allele, (TA)6; *28 allele, (TA)7 and *37 allele, (TA)8.

CLINICAL SENSITIVITY/SPECIFICITY: Risk of irinotecan toxicity by genotype (Br J Cancer (2004) 91:678-82).

6/6 (*1/*1): diarrhea 17 percent; neutropenia 15 percent

6/7 (*1/*28): diarrhea 33 percent; neutropenia 27 percent

7/7 (*28/*28): diarrhea 70 percent; neutropenia 40 percent

ALLELIC FREQUENCY: *1(TA)6: Caucasians 0.61, Asians 0.84, African Americans 0.47 *28(TA)7: Caucasians 0.39, Asians 0.16, African Americans 0.43

METHODOLOGY: Polymerase chain reaction followed by size analysis using capillary electrophoresis. ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY: Greater than 99 percent. LIMITATIONS: Variations in the UGT1A1 gene, other than those targeted, will not be detected. Clinical significance of the rare *36, (TA)5 and *37, (TA)8 alleles in predicting irinotecan toxicities is not well established. Genetic and non-genetic

*=Abnormal, #=Corrected, C=Critical, f=Result Footnote, H-High, i-Test Information, L-Low, t-Interpretive Text, @=Performing lab

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at: ARUP Laboratories 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108 Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD
 ARUP Accession:
 25-126-900027

 Report Request ID:
 20431783

 Printed:
 5/8/2025 11:53 MDT

 Page 3 of 4

ARUP LABORATORIES | aruplab.com 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-1221

phone: 801-583-2787, toll free: 800-522-2787 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Chief Medical Officer

Test Information

i2: UGT1A1 Genotyping Interpretation factors other than UGT1A1, may contribute to irinotecan toxicity and efficacy. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

*=Abnormal, #=Corrected, C=Critical, f=Result Footnote, H-High, i-Test Information, L-Low, t-Interpretive Text, @=Performing lab

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at: ARUP Laboratories 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108 Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD
 ARUP Accession:
 25-126-900027

 Report Request ID:
 20431783

 Printed:
 5/8/2025 11:53 MDT

 Page 4 of 4